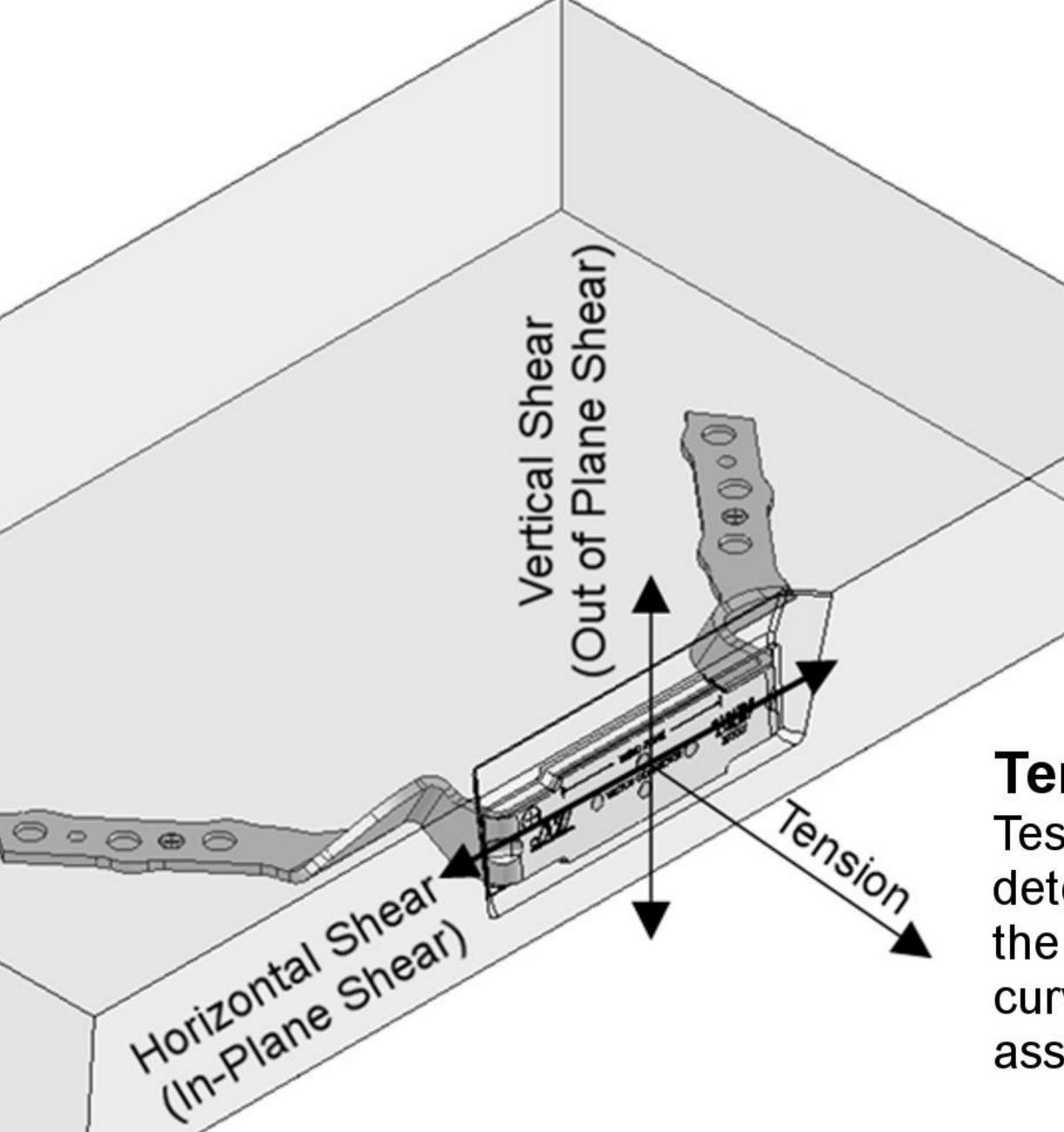


Recommended Nominal Strengths



Cyclic In-Plane Shear With Tension (Gap = 0.1") 11.0 kips Reported value considers test yield load

Monotonic In-Plane Shear with No Tension

10.7 kips

Reported value conservatively considers test "first-cracking" load

Out-of-Plane Shear with No Tension

4.3 kips

Reported value considers test breaking load

Tension Normal to Face Plate (Welded top and bottom of slug) Test was performed for validation of concrete bond capacity of legs and to determine deformation characteristics. Tension capacity is not reported due to the inherent ductility of the connection loaded in tension. Load displacement curves should be investigated for a tension capacity with an acceptable associated displacement.

Notes:

- 1. Nominal Strengths are 5% fractile strengths calculated using the average ultimate load, and standard deviation of full-scale test results. A 5% fractile strength is the nominal strength for which there is a 90% confidence that there is a 95% probability of the actual strength exceeding the nominal strength. Please reference ACI 318 Appendix D for additional information
- Strength Reduction Factors applied to the nominal strength to determine design strength are at the
 discretion of the Engineer. Consideration should be given to the failure mode, application and additional
 reinforcing as described in PCI Handbook, 7th Edition, 6.2.
- 3. VC4 configuration is the same as the VC3 (Mid V) with the exception of a slight modification to the faceplate corners. The modification is immaterial and does not impact nominal capacities.
- 4. All values are based on a 3/8" thick x 1" wide flat bar slug. All welds were located on the top, horizontal plane of the slug, with the exception of the tension normal to faceplate configuration.
- 5. A 1/4" x 2 1/2" long weld is recommended, unless otherwise determined by design
- 6. Available in, ASTM 201LN stainless steel, A36 carbon steel with a "J" Finish
- 7. Reported values can be assumed valid for both ASTM 201LN stainless steel and A36 carbon steel.
- 8. With respect to volume changes, the vector connector is classified as a flexible connection.

References:

- 1. Ghorbanpoor, A (2009), Testing of the JVI Mid V in 4" slabs. University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee (UWM) Mid_V_Test_Report_Final_021810Final.pdf
- 2. Ghorbanpoor, A (2010) Additional Testing of the JVI Mid V in 4" Slabs. University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee (UWM) MidVTestReport0410.PDF
- Ghorbanpoor, A (2012) Testing of the JVI Vector Connector 4 in 4" Slabs. University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee (UWM) VC4ReportNo113012.pdf
- 4. Klien, G & Lindenberg, R (2009), Volume Change Response of Precast Concrete Buildings. PCI Journal, Fall 2009, 112-131



Your Connection Connection

